

GOVERNMENT VOICES WEBINAR SERIES

Get to Know CBP CBP | SEVP

Wednesday, Feb. 5, 2020 2 to 3:30 p.m. EST

- Welcome to today's Government Voices Webinar
- The webinar will begin promptly at 2 p.m. EST
- Audio will stream through your computer speakers
- Please take a moment to answer the poll questions on your screen



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Housekeeping Notes

Download items in the Webinar Resources pod

- Hyperlink appendix
- Presentation PDF
- Glossary

Have questions for CBP representatives?

 Submit questions throughout the webinar using the Questions and Technical Difficulties pod

• Experiencing technical difficulties?

- Provide a description of the issue through the Questions and Technical Difficulties pod
- Webinar recording and resources available after event

Presentation Overview



Today's Presenters

- Ka Ho Tong
 - Program Manager, Enforcement Programs, CBP
- Marissa Tinsley
 - Panel Moderator, SEVP

Ask the Audience

Today's Audience

Please select a response that best describes your current position.

Ask the Audience

Today's Audience

?

What type of school do you represent?

ARRIVING TO THE UNITED STATES



After Receiving a Student Visa

- Entry visa is issued by the U.S. Department of State
 - Visas may only be issued outside of the United States
- Next steps
 - Book travel arrangements to the United States
 - Get travel documentation in order
 - Pack to leave
- Recommendations
 - Stay in contact with DSO about travel plans

Travel Documentation

- A visa does not guarantee entry, students must be prepared to request entry with the following required documents:
 - Valid passport
 - Valid visa
 - Form I-20

Recommended

- Customs Declaration
- Acceptance letter
- Evidence of financial support
- DSO contact information

Form I-20

• Original, ink signature

- Required at student visa interview
- Required at U.S. port of entry

Circumstances that warrant using a copy

- Contact U.S. Department of State

Student Reminders Prior to Departure

Reporting to school

- Student can enter the United States up to 30 days prior to the official program start date
 - Entrance to the United States recorded in SEVIS
- Must report to school by program start date on the Form I-20
- Student responsibility to communicate
 - Arrival to the United States
 - Failure to enter for the term listed on Form I-20
 - Late arrival for term listed on Form I-20

ENTERING THE UNITED STATES



Admissibility and Inspection

- A visa means you are permitted to travel to a port of entry and seek admission to the United States
 - A visa does not guarantee your admission
- CBP determines admissibility of all nonimmigrants who seek admission to the United States
 - The admissibility review process is called inspection

What determines admissibility?

- The Immigration and Nationality Act sets forth grounds for inadmissibility
 - Individuals who are inadmissible are not permitted by law to enter or remain in the United States

• Grounds for inadmissibility can include:

- Health
- Criminal activity
- National security
- Public charge
- Lack of labor certification (if required)
- Fraud and misrepresentation
- Prior removals, unlawful presence in the United States

Inspection at a U.S. Port of Entry



Primary vs. Secondary Inspection

Primary inspection

- Review all documents for validity
- Query for record in nonimmigrant data systems
- Typical inspection questions:
 - Traveler's citizenship
 - Purpose of visit
 - Duration of visit
 - The school/college/university the traveler will be attending
- Secondary inspection
 - More time and systems to review all available records
 - If correctable issues arise, CBP issues a Form I-515A



Secondary Inspection

- Being referred to secondary does not necessarily mean the traveler has violated the law
- Reasons for secondary referral can include:
 - Verification of SEVIS status
 - Advance admissibility review
 - Customs enforcement
 - Compliance checks

• What is CBP allowed to search in secondary inspection?

- Everything that pertains to admissibility or compliance to customs and agricultural importation regulations
 - Known as "Border Search Authority"

U.S. Ports of Entry

- What to expect at air and sea ports of entry
 - Automated Form I-94
 - Controlled environment and diverse clientele
- What to expect at a land port of entry
 - Paper Form I-94
 - Applicants are often referred to secondary inspection due to lack of a passenger manifest

Form I-94

- Form I-94, "Arrival/Departure Record"
 - Terms of admission
 - Legal status
 - Length of time you may stay
 - Expected departure date
- Electronic vs. Paper Form I-94
 - Electronic forms are issued at air or sea ports of entry
 - Paper forms are issued at land ports of entry
- If you need a replacement paper form, visit CBP's I-94 web page

i94.CBP.DHS.gov

Frequently Asked Question

Entering the United States

What are the differences between a paper Form I-94 and an electronic Form I-94? Are there plans to have the land ports of entry use the electronic Form I-94 more consistently?

Tips for Border Commuter Students

- Affects schools close to the Canadian and Mexican borders
 - SEVP-certified schools within 75 miles of the U.S. border, known as the border zone
- Special rules for border commuter students
 - Allowed to study part-time
- Students should contact school officials to decide if they want to study under these rules
- Tips
 - Carrying all required and recommended documentation for each crossing
 - Enroll in the Trusted Traveler/SENTRI program

Handling a Form I-515A

• At U.S. Port of Entry, student must have:

- All signed required documents
- Paid I-901 SEVIS fee
- Valid status in SEVIS
- After receiving a Form I-515A
 - Student's responsibility to notify DSO
 - Send response to SEVP within 30 days of issuance
 - Consequences of failure to comply
 - SEVP processes documents and returns to DSO
- Resources on Study in the States
 - "Handling the Form I-515A" one pager
 - "What is a Form I-515A?" page with frequently asked questions



SEVP

SEVIS AND CBP



SEVIS and **CBP**

SEVIS and the Inspection Process

- A student's admissibility is based on the validity of their SEVIS status
 - SEVIS can alert CBP if a person entering the U.S. is not in status
 - CBP can determine that person inadmissible to the United States
- SEVP can revoke a school's certification
 - Exchange visitors attending that institute will not be admitted to the United States
 - Exceptions:
 - They have transferred to another institute
 - They are in possession of another type of visa/immigration status

Frequently Asked Question

SEVIS Information and Admissibility

What SEVIS information do CBP officers look at to determine a student's admissibility?

SEVIS and **CBP**

DHS TRIP Tickets

- DHS TRIP allows individuals to submit inquiries or seek resolution regarding difficulties they experienced during their travel screening, including:
 - Watch list issues
 - Screening problems at ports of entry
 - Situations where travelers believe they have been unfairly or incorrectly delayed, denied boarding or identified for additional screening at transportation hubs
- DHS TRIP routes redress requests to the appropriate office to review and adjudicate

Visit <u>trip.dhs.gov</u> to submit an electronic application ticket

CBP

Ask the Audience



Did you know about DHS TRIP prior to this presentation?

CBP TRENDS AND DATA



CBP Trends and Data

International Student Snapshot

- Total admissions in FY18:
 - F-1 admission: 1,862,828
 - J-1 admission: 537,705
 - M-1 admission: 18,838

• Busiest U.S. Ports of Entry

- John F. Kennedy International Airport
- Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport
- Los Angeles International Airport
- Toronto Pearson International Airport (preclearance)
- Newark Liberty International Airport

Frequently Asked Question



What does CBP see as the biggest challenges in engagement with nonimmigrants seeking to enter the United States?

HELPFUL RESOURCES



U.S. Customs and Border Protection

- CBP main website
 - Travel information and news
- CBP travel page for international visitors
 - Travel tips and reminders
- CBP information center
 - FAQs
- DHS TRIP
 - Inquiries about U.S. port of entry experiences
- Form I-94 website
 - Apply for or retrieve the Form I-94 online

CBP



Student and Exchange Visitor Program

- Study in the States
 - Information for F and M students
 - Information for SEVP-certified schools
 - Webinars
 - Blog posts
- ICE.gov/SEVP
 - SEVP policy and regulation
 - SEVP-certified school operating instructions



SEVP Travel Resource Page



StudyintheStates.dhs.gov/Traveling-as-an-International-Student

SEVP

Presenter Contact Information

CBP

General questions: 877-227-5511

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Report suspicious activity: 800-232-5378

Deferred Inspection Office: www.cbp.gov/contact/ports/deferred -inspection-sites

SEVP



Case-specific questions: SEVP@ice.dhs.gov

Technical questions: SEVISHelpDesk@ice.dhs.gov



703-603-3400 800-892-4829

INVITE SEVP AND CBP FOR LOCAL CONFERENCES

Fill out the SEVP Event Request Form at <u>StudyintheStates.dhs.gov/Conferences</u>

LIVE Q&A





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